



Participatory Threats-Based Approach in the Philippines

Building Multi-Sectoral Stakeholders for Sustainable Threats Abatement

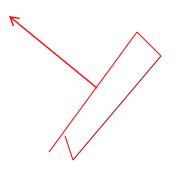
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Project Overview – Capacity Building for the Community Based Forest Management (CBFM)

- *Where:* Region 2 and Palawan, Philippines Forest Biodiversity
- Partners: 120 CBFMs, 5 CBFM provincial Federations and Multi-sectoral Task Forces; Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR), Local Government Units (LGUs)
- Outcomes: 300,000 hectares under effective management; Sustainable organizational mechanisms to conserve biodiversity at landscape level in place







Adapting to Changing Threats

Top Threats at Start of Project

•Fire

- Slash and Burn
 - Agriculture
- •llegal Logging

Top Threats Now

- Sudden Policy Changes
- •Mining
- •Illegal Logging





Conclusions

A participatory threats based approach has:

- Taken time to bring stakeholders together and required careful facilitation; some stakeholders will be reluctant be persistent!
- Helped the stakeholders to better understand, prioritize, and coordinate activities to abate threats.
- Increased chances of abating new threats ; trust grows as stakeholders work together on threats.
- Produced permanent functioning groups who continue to work to abate threats after the GCP project; stakeholders now pool financial and technical resources to abate threats.
- Been institutionalized in two regions of the Philippines; other regions looking to duplicate it.